

ARL-2835xx-0.5W

Features

- PLCC-2 Package.
- Extremely wide viewing angle.
- Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.
- Available on tape and reel.
- Moisture sensitivity level: Level 4.
- Package: 3000pcs/reel
- RoHS compliant

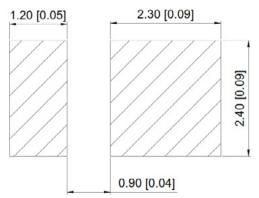
Description

The White LED which was fabricated using a blue chip and the phosphor.

Applications

- Optical indicator.
- Indoor display.
- Automotive lighting.
- Backlight for LCD, switch and Symbol, display.
- Tubular light application.
- General use.

Recommended Soldering Pattern



1.All dimension units are millimeters.

2.All dimension tolerance is ± 0.15 mm unless otherwise noted.

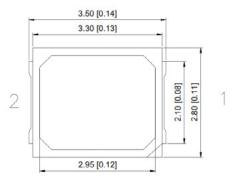
Part No.	Chip Materials	Lens Type	ATTENTION	
ARL-2835UWC-0.5W White			OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING	
ARL-2835NWC-0.5W Day White	InGaN	Yellow Diffused	ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE	
ARL-2835WWC-0.5W Warm White			SENSITIVE DEVICES	N/S

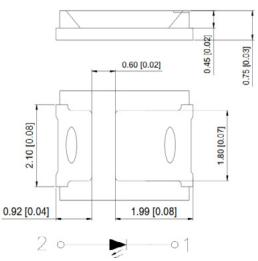
Mass Production list

Part No.	CCT K (Min)	ССТ К (Тур)	CCT K (Max)	Φlm (Min)	Φlm (Typ)	Test Condition
ARL-2835UWC-0.5W White	5500	6000	6500	58	63	IF=150mA
ARL-2835NWC-0.5W Day White	3800	4000	4250	58	63	IF=150mA
ARL-2835WWC-0.5W Warm White	2800	3000	3100	53	58	IF=150mA



Package Dimensions







Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
VF	Forward Voltage	2.8		3.6	V	IF=150mA
201/2	Viewing Angle			120	deg	IF=150mA
Ra	Color Rendering Index	70				IF=150mA
IR	Reverse Current			10	μA	VR = 5V

Note:

1. 1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.

2. The above luminous flux measurement allowance tolerance $\pm 10\%$.

3. The above Color Rendering Index measurement allowance tolerance: ± 2

4. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is \pm 0.1V.

Absolute Maximum Rating

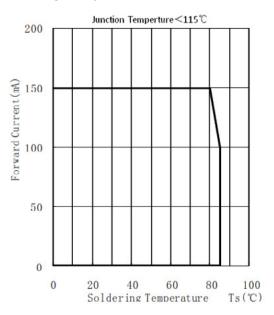
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
Pd	Power dissipation	500	mW
IF	Forward Current	150	mA
IFP	Peak Forward Current [1]	200	mA
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	V
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	1000	V
Topr	Operating Temperature	-40~+85	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-40~+100	°C
Rthj-s	Thermal Resistance (Junction / Soldering point)	22	°C/W
Tj	Junction Temperature	115	°C

Note:

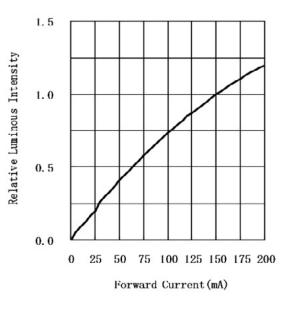
1. 1/10 Duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width.

Typical optical characteristics curve

Soldering Temperature vs. Forward Current



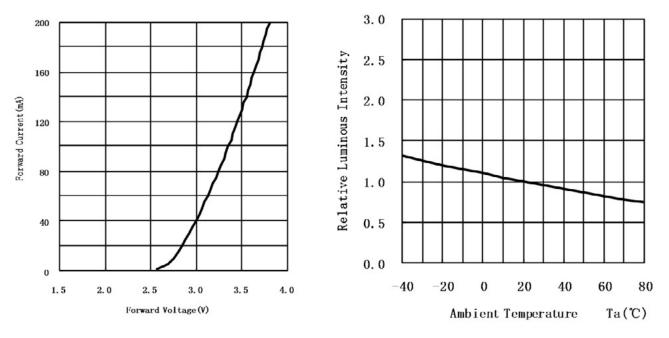
Forward Current VS. Relative Intensity



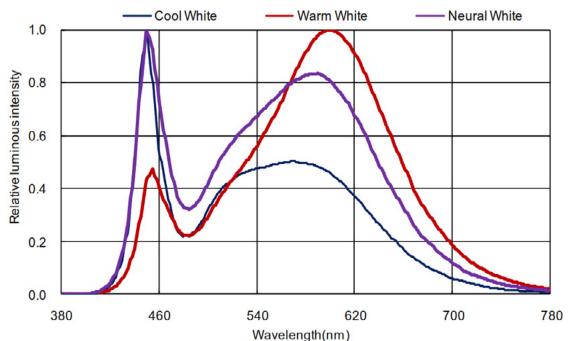


Forward Voltage VS. Forward Current

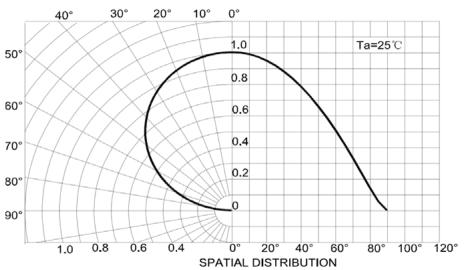
Ambient Temperature VS. Relative Intensity



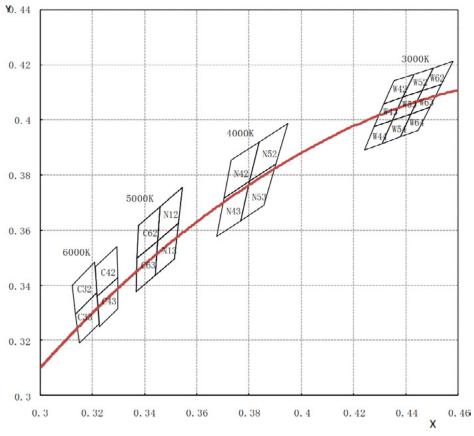




Radiation diagram







Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinate

ССТ	Bin Code Bin	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code Bin	CIE_x	CIE_y
	C32 6000-6500K	0.3205	0.3481		0.3211	0.3468
		0.3117	0.3393	C42 5700-6000K	0.3294	0.3542
		0.3131	0.329	C42 5700-0000K	0.3296	0.3429
60001		0.3213	0.3371		0.3219	0.3360
6000K		0.3213	0.3371		0.3219	0.3360
	С33 6000-6500К	0.3131	0.329		0.3296	0.3429
	C33 0000-0500K	0.3150	0.3190	C43 5700-6000K	0.3298	0.3315
		0.3226	0.3262		0.3227	0.3251
	N42 4000-4250K	0.3731	0.3853		0.3839	0.3920
		0.3839	0.3920	N52 3800-4000K	0.3947	0.3987
		0.3803	0.3777		0.3903	0.3839
40001/		0.3703	0.3716		0.3803	0.3777
4000K	N43 4000-4250K	0.3703	0.3716		0.3803	0.3777
		0.3803	0.3777	N53 3800-4000K	0.3903	0.3839
		0.3767	0.3634		0.3858	0.3690
		0.3675	0.3578		0.3767	0.3634
		0.4354	0.4142		0.4316	0.4059
	W42 2000 2100K	0.4430	0.4165		0.4390	0.4082
	W42 3000-3100K	0.4390	0.4082	W43 3000-3100K	0.4350	0.3998
20001/		0.4316	0.4059		0.4279	0.3975
3000K		0.4279	0.3975		0.4430	0.4165
	W44 3000-3100K	0.4350	0.3998		0.4505	0.4189
		0.4310	0.3915	W52 2900-3000K	0.4463	0.4106
		0.4241	0.3892		0.4390	0.4082



ССТ	Bin Code Bin	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code Bin	CIE_x	CIE_y
	W53 2900-3000K	0.4390	0.4082	W54 2900-3000K -	0.4350	0.3998
		0.4463	0.4106		0.4420	0.4022
		0.4420	0.4022		0.4378	0.3939
20001/		0.4350	0.3998		0.4310	0.3915
3000K	W62 2800-2900K	0.4505	0.4189	W63 2800-2900K	0.4463	0.4106
		0.4581	0.4212		0.4536	0.4129
		0.4536	0.4129		0.4492	0.4045
		0.4463	0.4106		0.4420	0.4022
		0.4420	0.4022			
20001/	W64 2800-2900K	0.4492	0.4045			
3000K		0.4447	0.3962			
		0.4378	0.3939			

Reliability Test Items And Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below. Confidence level :90% LTPD :10%

No.	Test Items	Ref. Standard	Test Condition	Time	Quan- tity	Ac/Re
1	Reflow	JESD22-B106	Temp: 260°C max T=10 sec	3 Min.	22Pcs.	0/1
2	Temperature Cycle	JESD22-A104	100°C±5°C 30 min 5 min -40°C±5° 30 min.	100 Cycles	22Pcs.	0/1
3	High Temperature Storage	JESD22-A103	Temp.: 100°C ±5°C	100 Cycles	22Pcs.	0/1
4	Low Temperature Storage	JESD22-A119	Temp.: -40°C ±5°C	1000Hrs.	22Pcs.	0/1
5	Life Test	JESD22-A108	Ta=25°C±5°C IF=150mA	1000Hrs.	22Pcs.	0/1
6	High Temperature High Humidity Life Test	JESD22-A101	85°C±5°C/ 85%RH IF=50mA	1000Hrs.	22Pcs.	0/1

Criteria For Judging Damage

No.	Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgemen	
1	Forward Voltage	VF	IF=150mA		U.S.L*)x1.1
2	Reverse Current	IR	VR = 5V		10uA
3	Luminous Flux	lm	IF=150mA	L.S.L*)x0.7	

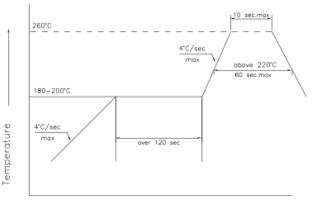
U.S.L: Upper standard leve

L.S.L: Lower standard level

*The technical information shown in the data sheets are limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.

SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions

- 1. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating



Time

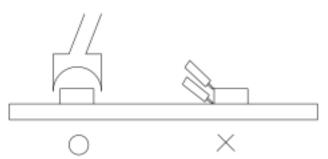


Soldering iron

1. When hand soldering, keep the temperature of iron below less 300°C less than 3 seconds. 2. The hand solder should be done only one times.

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



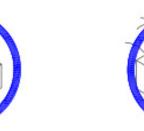
Cautions

The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.

Handling Precautions

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more prone to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, Special handling precautions must be observed during assembling using silicone encapsulated LED products, Failure to comply might leads to damage and premature failure of the LED.

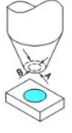
1.Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.







2. The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.



3.Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry

4.Not suitable to operate in acidic environment, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PH}}\xspace<7$



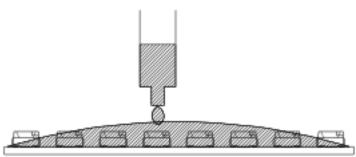
KPH7

5.LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over IUUPPM in the LED mating usage material.



6. When we need to use external glue for LED application products, please make sure that the exter-

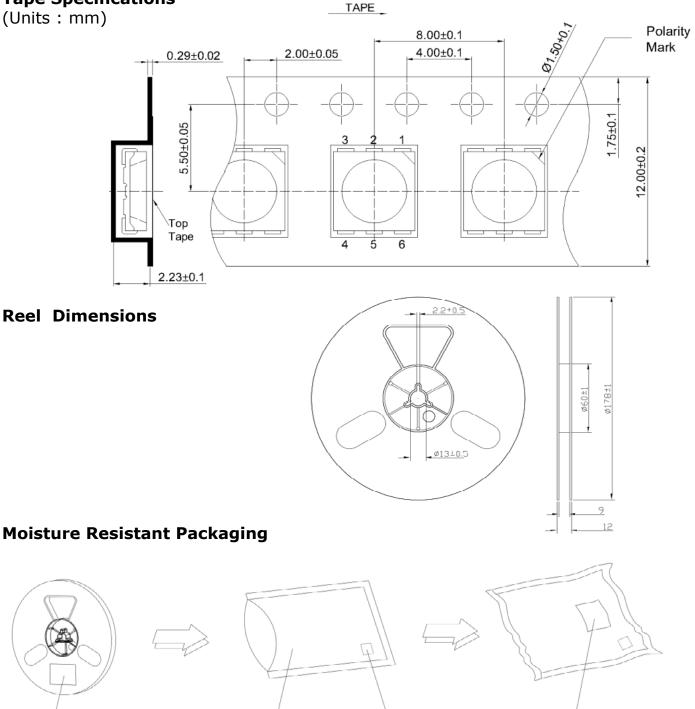
nal glue matches the LED packaging glue. Additionally, as most of LED packaging glue is silica gel, and it has strong Oxygen permeability as well as strong moisture permeability; in order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external glue of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM.



7. Other points for attention, please refer to our LED user manual.

Tape Specifications

Lable



Aluminum moisture-proof bag

Deslccant

Lable